

**Collaborating partners** International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC)  
Regional Cancer Centre, Trivandrum, Kerala State

**Service base** Hospital

**Location** Trivandrum District, Kerala State

**Purpose** To research on screening methods and on the “see, see, and treat” treatment approach.

**Age group** 30-59 years

**Number of women studied/served** 10,000

**Project study period** 2001-2005 (screening services continue with local funds)

**Key study questions or service delivery strategy**

1. To estimate the performance (sensitivity and specificity) of cytology, HPV testing, visual inspection with acetic acid (VIA), and visual inspection with Lugol's iodine (VILI) in detecting cervical intraepithelial neoplasia (CIN).
2. To evaluate the “see, see, and treat” approach in routine health care settings for feasibility, safety, acceptability and the extent of over-treatment.
3. To evaluate the test characteristics of VILI, followed by naked eye VIA and VIAM in detecting CIN.

**Date results expected** Preliminary results: June 2003  
Final results: July 2004

**Contact person** Dr. Sankaranarayanan, IARC (Sankar@iarc.fr)

